

(12) If, through no act or omission of the employee, an employee forfeits the elected office or the employee's election is adjudged invalid, the employee may return to work on the first working day after the office is forfeited or the election is adjudged invalid, and subsections (7) and (8) apply.

RSA 2000 cL-21 s22;2001 cC-28.1 s458;2001 c23 s1(11);
2002 cA-4.5 s52;2002 c23 s1;2006 c22 s13;2007 c12 s12;
2009 c53 s104;2010 c9 s1;2012 c5 s107

Ineligibility for nomination

23(1) A person is not eligible to be nominated for more than one office of the same elected authority.

(2) A member who holds office on an elected authority is not eligible to be nominated for or elected to the same or any other office on the elected authority

- (a) unless the member's term of office is expiring, or
- (b) if the member's term of office is not expiring, unless the member has resigned that office effective 18 days or more before nomination day.

1983 cL-27.5 s23

Re-election

24(1) A person who held office on a board of trustees under the *School Act* and

- (a) who resigned that office to avoid making restitution for money the person received that disqualified the person from holding that office pursuant to this or any other Act and has been ordered by a judge to make restitution, or
- (b) who was declared by a judge to be disqualified to hold that office pursuant to this or any other Act,

is not eligible to become a member of that board of trustees until after 2 general elections have occurred after the date on which the person was ordered to make restitution or was declared to be disqualified.

(2) Notwithstanding that a by-election or general election has been held between the time when the disqualification of the member or former member arose and the time when the order or declaration has been made by the judge, subsection (1) applies and, if the person was re-elected, the person is not eligible to remain a member of the board of trustees.

(3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a judge