

Ineligibility

22(1) A person is not eligible to be nominated as a candidate in any election under this Act if on nomination day

- (a) the person is the auditor of the local jurisdiction for which the election is to be held;
- (b) the person is an employee of the local jurisdiction for which the election is to be held unless the person takes a leave of absence under this section;
- (c) the person is indebted to the municipality of which the person is an elector for taxes in default exceeding \$50, excluding from that amount
 - (i) any indebtedness for current taxes, and
 - (ii) any indebtedness for arrears of taxes for which the person has entered into a consolidation agreement with the municipality, unless the person is in default in the payment of any money due under the agreement;
- (d) the person is indebted to the local jurisdiction for which the election is to be held for any debt exceeding \$500 and in default for more than 90 days;
- (d.1) the person has, within the previous 10 years, been convicted of an offence under this Act, the *Election Act* or the *Canada Elections Act* (Canada).
- (e),(f) repealed 2006 c22 s13.

(1.1) A person is not eligible to be nominated as a candidate for election as a trustee of a school board if on nomination day the person is employed by

- (a) a school district or division,
- (b) a charter school, or
- (c) a private school,

in Alberta unless the person takes a leave of absence under this section.

(1.2) A person is not eligible to be nominated as a candidate for election as a councillor if

- (a) the secretary transmitted a report to council under section 147.8(1) in respect of the person,

- (b) the Court did not dispense with, or extend the time for, compliance with section 147.4 by an order under section 147.8(3), and
- (c) subject to subsection (1)(d.1), nomination day for the election occurs within
 - (i) the 8-year period following the day on which the secretary transmitted the report to council, or
 - (ii) where the disclosure statement required by section 147.4 has been filed with the municipality, the 3-year period following the day of filing,

whichever period expires first.

(1.3) Subsection (1.2) applies where a report has been transmitted under section 147.8(1) respecting a campaign period beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

(2) Repealed 2006 c22 s13.

(3) Subsection (1)(b) to (d) do not apply to a candidate for election as a trustee of a school board.

(4) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person by reason only

- (a) that the person is a shareholder in a corporation having a contract or dealings with the local jurisdiction or elected authority for which the election is being held,
 - (i) unless the person holds or there is held by the person and the person's spouse or adult interdependent partner, parents, children, brothers and sisters more than 25% of the issued capital stock of the corporation, or
 - (ii) unless the contract or dealings are for the building or construction of a public work of the local jurisdiction;
- (b) that the person has a contract with the local jurisdiction for the supplying to the person, the person's spouse or adult interdependent partner or child of a service, utility or commodity that the local jurisdiction has statutory authority to supply;
- (c) that the person holds an interest in a publication
 - (i) in which official advertisements of the local jurisdiction appear, or

- (ii) that is supplied to the local jurisdiction at the usual rates;
- (d) that the person sells or leases to the local jurisdiction land or interest in land that the local jurisdiction has authority to expropriate;
- (e) that the person supplies goods, merchandise or services to the local jurisdiction or to persons contracting with the local jurisdiction if they are supplied at competitive prices and in the ordinary course of the person's business or profession;
- (f) that the person renders
 - (i) services to indigents who are residents of the local jurisdiction and for which the local jurisdiction is or may become liable to pay, or
 - (ii) services for which the local jurisdiction has provided a subsidy;
- (g) that the person is appointed to a position under the *Emergency Management Act*;
- (h) that the person has rendered professional services as a lawyer to the local jurisdiction, if the fees for the services have been reviewed or assessed under the *Alberta Rules of Court*;
- (i) that the person has received a gratuity or allowance for services on a committee or board appointed by or responsible to the local jurisdiction;
- (j) that the person is a member of an association under the *Rural Utilities Act* or is a member of a cooperative under the *Cooperatives Act*;
- (k) that the person is a vendor, purchaser, assignor or assignee of land bought or sold under the *Agriculture Financial Services Act*;
- (l) that the person is a party to a contract for the purchase or lease of real or personal property from the local jurisdiction entered into before nomination day;
- (m) that the person is a volunteer chief, officer or member of a fire, ambulance or emergency measures organization established by a local jurisdiction or that the person is a volunteer for another purpose who performs duties under the direction of the local jurisdiction.

(5) An employee of a municipality who wishes to be nominated as a candidate in an election to be held for that municipality may notify his or her employer on or after July 1 in the year of a general election or on or after the day the council passes a resolution to hold a by-election but before the employee's last working day prior to nomination day that the employee is taking a leave of absence without pay under this section.

(5.1) An employee referred to in subsection (1.1) who wishes to be nominated as a candidate for election as a trustee of a school board may notify his or her employer on or after July 1 in the year of an election but before the employee's last working day prior to nomination day that the employee is taking a leave of absence without pay under this section.

(6) Notwithstanding any bylaw, resolution or agreement of a local jurisdiction, every employee who notifies his or her employer under subsection (5) or (5.1) is entitled to a leave of absence without pay.

(6.1) Repealed 2012 c5 s107.

(7) An employee who takes a leave of absence under this section is subject to the same conditions that apply to taking a leave of absence without pay for any other purpose.

(8) If an employee who takes a leave of absence under this section is not elected, the employee may return to work, in the position the employee had before the leave commenced, on the 5th day after election day or, if the 5th day is not a working day, on the first working day after the 5th day.

(9) If an employee who takes a leave of absence under this section is declared elected, the employee is deemed to have resigned that position as an employee the day the employee takes the official oath of office as an elected official.

(10) If an employee who takes a leave of absence under this section is declared elected but, after a recount under Part 4, is declared not to be elected, the employee may return to work on the first working day after the declaration is made, and subsections (7) and (8) apply.

(11) Subject to subsection (12), an employee who takes a leave of absence under this section and is declared elected continues to be deemed to have resigned that position as an employee if the employee subsequently forfeits the elected office or if the employee's election is adjudged invalid.

(12) If, through no act or omission of the employee, an employee forfeits the elected office or the employee's election is adjudged invalid, the employee may return to work on the first working day after the office is forfeited or the election is adjudged invalid, and subsections (7) and (8) apply.

RSA 2000 cL-21 s22;2001 cC-28.1 s458;2001 c23 s1(11);
2002 cA-4.5 s52;2002 c23 s1;2006 c22 s13;2007 c12 s12;
2009 c53 s104;2010 c9 s1;2012 c5 s107

Ineligibility for nomination

23(1) A person is not eligible to be nominated for more than one office of the same elected authority.

(2) A member who holds office on an elected authority is not eligible to be nominated for or elected to the same or any other office on the elected authority

- (a) unless the member's term of office is expiring, or
- (b) if the member's term of office is not expiring, unless the member has resigned that office effective 18 days or more before nomination day.

1983 cL-27.5 s23

Re-election

24(1) A person who held office on a board of trustees under the *School Act* and

- (a) who resigned that office to avoid making restitution for money the person received that disqualified the person from holding that office pursuant to this or any other Act and has been ordered by a judge to make restitution, or
- (b) who was declared by a judge to be disqualified to hold that office pursuant to this or any other Act,

is not eligible to become a member of that board of trustees until after 2 general elections have occurred after the date on which the person was ordered to make restitution or was declared to be disqualified.

(2) Notwithstanding that a by-election or general election has been held between the time when the disqualification of the member or former member arose and the time when the order or declaration has been made by the judge, subsection (1) applies and, if the person was re-elected, the person is not eligible to remain a member of the board of trustees.

(3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a judge